

VOL. 6---NO. 36

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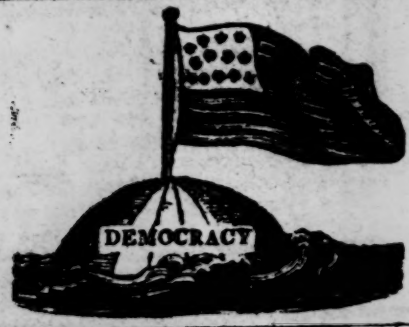


This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and dark smudges or stains along the bottom edge. The left edge of the page shows the binding of the book.

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TUESDAY MORNING, March 25, 1856.  
DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT CONVENTION!

Let our friends throughout the District bear in mind that *Edenton* is the place, and the 8th of April the time, for holding our Convention. The time is nearly upon us, and we trust that a proper interest will be manifested in the matter by our party.

We are under obligations to our esteemed friend, A. M. Vaughan, Esq., Postmaster at Norfolk, for full files of late California papers.

The "American Banner" is the title of a paper just published in Edenton, under the editorial control of Henry E. Colton. It is a Know-Nothing in politics; and while we wish it may do nothing successful in that behalf, we wish it great prosperity otherwise.

Messrs. Samuel Caruthers and Mordecai Oliver, heretofore Whig members of Congress, from Missouri, have come out in addresses to their constituents, reproaching Know-Nothingism, and attaching themselves to the Democratic party.

The Norfolk Herald says that the "Argus" was entitled to the credit of an article which we ascribed to it (the Herald) last week. We clipped the extract from the Argus; but understood that paper to say that it was taken from the Herald. We are under the impression still, but, if in error, we are entirely willing to make the proper correction. The article referred to (we suppose) was in relation to Mr. Fillmore's visit to the Pope.

#### MORE BOLLING!

The Know-Nothing State Convention of Rhode Island have repudiated the Philadelphia nominee, and determined that they "will favor the nomination of no one for the office of President and Vice President of the United States who does not represent" their own views. The Know-Nothing of New York are to hold a Convention in June to nominate George Law. So they go—the harmonious Know-Nothing!

The New York Herald says that the Monmouth (N. J.) Democrat is informed by a prominent Know-Nothing, that a State Convention will soon be called in New Jersey to nominate Commodore Stockton for the Presidency. The Herald adds: "Why not? Why stick to two or three tickets, when it is just as easy to have a dozen, and when a dozen will end in precisely the same result as two or three?"

#### BISHOP ATKINSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

April 8th,	Wilson.
" 4th,	Rocky Mount.
" 6th,	Jackson.
" 8th,	Murfreesboro.
" 10th, and 11th,	Windsor.
" 13th, and 14th,	Plymouth.
" 15th,	St. Luke's, Washington.
" 16th,	Pettigrew's Chapel.
" 17th,	Lake Chapel.
" 19th, and 20th,	Edenton.
" 22d,	Woodville, Perquimans.
" 23d, and 24th,	Elizabeth City.
" 26th, and 27th,	Herford.
" 28th,	Lassiter's Chapel.
" 30th,	Gatesville.

The people of Norfolk are highly indignant at the neglect of the Virginia Legislature in doing nothing for the improvement of their Town, and its oppression in subjecting them to heavy taxation. Certainly, there is some justice in the complaint on the score of neglect, for among the various appropriations for works of internal improvement, Norfolk does not get a single dollar. A public meeting has been held in that city, expressive of their indignation at this treatment, and of a desire to be annexed to North Carolina.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The recent election in New Hampshire resulted in a plurality for the Democratic candidate for Governor over the highest of his competitors—thus clearly demonstrating that the Democracy of the Granite State are fast righting themselves, and that, by the Presidential election, New Hampshire will be all right. At the preceding election, they were beaten by 10,000—now they have overcome this heavy vote, and come out ahead of all parties. But they did not get a majority over both the other parties combined, and hence there was no election by the people. They will thus lose the Governor, whose election will be referred to the Legislature, which contains a small majority for the opposition. But they got more votes than any other party before the people.

#### OHIO KNOW-NOTHING SECEDERS.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 21.—The Know-Nothing State Council met last night, and after a stormy session adopted a majority report repudiating the nominations of Fillmore and Donelson, and endorsing the action of the seceders from the Philadelphia Convention.

#### COL. PAINE'S COURSE ON THE SPEAKERSHIP.

By various causes we have been prevented, until very recently, from giving that attention to the *detailed* proceedings of the House of Representatives which their importance well entitled them to.—In availing myself of the first opportunity presented of scanning a portion of those proceedings, we were naturally led to a careful watchfulness of the course of the Representative from this District; and, as a matter for future reference, we shall put him on the record touching certain acts and speeches during the exciting scenes that were enacted previous to the organization of the House. Our facts are taken from the official record—the Congressional Globe.

On the 16th of January, Mr. Thorton, of Iowa, submitted the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That LEWIS D. CAMPBELL be declared the Speaker of the House of Representatives for the Thirty Fourth Congress of the United States.

[Mr. Campbell is an Ohio Free-soiler of a very deep dye.]

Upon calling the roll, we find all the Representatives from this State who voted at all, voted no. They were Messrs. Branch, Clingman, Craig, Ruffin and Winslow, (the full Democratic delegation,) and Mr. Reade, Know-Nothing. Mr. Puryear's name does not appear at all. Col. Paine did not vote on the resolution, but submitted the following explanation of his course:

Mr. PAINE (on his name being called) said: Mr. Clerk, in voting on the resolution before the House no opportunity is allowed me to express a preference in the selection of a member of this body to occupy the Speaker's chair. In the course I shall take I desire simply to show that I am not willing to stand in the way of an organization, unless the occasion arise when I may believe it to be my imperative duty to defeat such an organization. I cannot support the resolution, but, being unwilling to assert that no other gentleman than the honorable gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FULLER] should be elected to preside over us, I abstain from voting against it, and therefore decline to vote.

This brief speech is full of food for thought. "In the course I shall take, I desire simply to show that I am not willing to stand in the way of an organization, unless the occasion arise when I may believe it to be my imperative duty to defeat such an organization." He did not "stand in the way of" the passage of a resolution which would have made Mr. Campbell Speaker. He did not believe it his "imperative duty to defeat such an organization."

"I cannot support the resolution," but "I abstain from voting against it." It is somewhere said that "he that is not for me is against me;" and, if Mr. Campbell had been elected under that resolution, we do not see why Col. Paine would not have been responsible for the result to the full extent of his vote. He would not do the deed, but he would stand by and permit it to be done. He would not throw himself into the breach—he would not interpose himself to shield the South from the indignity of such a Speaker as Lewis D. Campbell! He could not vote for him—but did not believe it to be his imperative duty to defeat the resolution which would have elected him! We are not criticising the absurd logic of the speech—that is a small matter. But we are criticising its conflicting sentiments—the impelling causes of Col. Paine's action on this momentous issue.

His colleagues presented an undivided front against the resolution, (except Mr. Puryear, who did not present himself at all.) Mr. Reade, the front man of the K. N. delegation from this State, regarded it as his "imperative duty to defeat such an organization," as that proposed by the resolution. He united with the entire Democratic delegation to defeat the election of the Ohio Abolitionist; but Col. Paine stood aloof from the contest; and, by standing aloof, gave an opportunity to the Free-soilers to "let Campbell slide" into the Speakership! Col. Paine would not take the responsibility of recording his vote on either side of the question—but he did take the responsibility of standing still and letting things take their own course! Let his constituents ponder these things well, and at the proper time, hold him to a proper responsibility.

Chapter No. 2 next week.

CORRECTION.—In the Town edition of the Pioneer of week before last the *Wilmington Herald* was credited by us as the author of the following paragraph:

It will be seen by the proceedings of the convention that Mr. Fillmore has received the nomination as a candidate for President. There was a time under different auspices, when this nomination would have been hailed with great satisfaction, by the Southern public. But the party which has nominated him is very much scattered and weakened by seceders, both Northern and Southern, and presents no array, in our opinion, that can furnish the least hope of his election.

It should have been credited to the *Wilmington Commercial*—and the proper correction was made after a small portion of the edition had been worked off. Both papers were staunch opponents of Democracy—the only difference is, the *Herald* sticks to Fillmore and Donelson, while the *Commercial* is nauseated with the bitter pill prepared by the Know-Nothing quacks lately assembled in Philadelphia! Although only a few papers had been worked off before the discovery and correction of the error, we take this occasion to do complete justice to the *Herald*, which seems perfectly delighted with the K. N. nominations.

#### "AMERICANS," RULING AMERICA!

Nothing exhibits in a stronger light the hollowness—not to say baseness—of Know-Nothing professions of peculiar patriotism, than the wretched and imbecile, if not corrupt, management of the Washington National Monument. Before Know-Nothingism sprang into existence, the work of erecting this grand monument to the memory of the immortal Father of his Country, progressed steadily and successfully; and the country rejoiced in beholding it as it rose in towering grandeur towards the heavens, even as the illustrious character whose virtues it commemorated loomed up above all his contemporaries. But the era of Know-Nothingism dawned upon this truly national work, and its prospects were blighted by its withering breath. The present K. N. Directors, with Vespasian Ellis at their head, have been compelled to acknowledge the failure of their dynasty! They have exhausted the funds! They are "dead broke!" And how do they attempt to screen themselves from the just odium of this disgraceful failure? Why, by a libel upon the people of the United States! They whinnily complain that they can't arouse the people to patriotic liberality! No! they cannot. When the people saw that this great national work had passed into the hands of a corrupt and dishonest set of men, they laid their hands upon their pockets! They would have nothing to do with them! They would not trust them with their money—they would not sanction the perversion of a national work to the vile purposes of an oath-bound party! And hence, under Know-Nothing rule, the work upon the Washington Monument has been suspended—a beautiful illustration of the peculiar fitness of "Americans" to rule America!

#### DONELSON ON FILLMORE.

The betrayal of friend is an act which all men stand up with infamy; and the acceptance of service under the leadership of an old enemy—when that service is attended with every species of fawning and flattery—is an offence very little behind it in popular estimation. When Major Donelson was the editor of the *Washington Union*, he denounced Mr. Fillmore in unmeasured terms—denouncing his Abolition proclivities and characterizing him as a "monster." Here is what Donelson wrote of Fillmore on the 29th of May, 1851:

It will be in vain hereafter that the special organ may flatter itself that there is a substantial difference between Messrs. Sumner and Rantoul, and the President and the members of his cabinet. If the head of the great whig party is so wedded to the infected abolition feeling of a portion of New York as to be obliged to denounce all the great men who have sanctioned the acquisitions of territory from France, Spain and Mexico—if the revolted sentiment of Massachusetts it was a misfortune would not agree for abolition juries to try their right of property—if the anti-slavery fanaticism not only of this country, but of all Europe, is to be propitiated by the assurance that the admission of slave territory into our Union is unconstitutional—the time has come when the people of this country will not be amused by the flimsy idea that Mr. Sumner is a monster because he declares that the fugitive in Boston shall not be surrendered before trial there, and Mr. Fillmore is a patriot and hero because he thinks the negro ought to have that trial, but yet declared that he will execute the laws refusing it.

Again, in the same paper:

If the public sentiment had not been misled by such letters as Mr. Fillmore wrote to the abolition societies of New York, and by the eloquence of Mr. Webster, denouncing, as he admits he did, the institution of slavery as a curse and the extension of our territory in the South as a violation of the constitution, the dangers foreseen by Washington would not now be the subject of humiliating explanation and apology on the part of the President and his cabinet, and the means by which the whig party hopes to perpetuate its power.

These were a part of the denunciations almost daily heaped upon Mr. Fillmore by Mr. Donelson. They are now running on the same ticket! And the author of these denunciations is as loud in his praises now as he was in his denunciations then! And, to complete the picture, the Know-Nothing who (as Whigs) poured out the vials of their wrath upon Mr. Donelson's head, then, now in turn heap upon him mountains of fulsome adulation—even embracing the great Jackson in their praises!

#### KANSAS CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

In the House of Representatives, on the 19th inst., the following resolution was adopted by a vote of 101 to 92, in relation to the procuring of evidence in the case of the contested seat from Kansas between A. H. Reeder and Gen. Whitfield:

That a committee of three members of the House be appointed by the Speaker, who shall proceed to inquire into and collect evidence in regard to the troubles in Kansas generally, and particularly with regard to any fraud or force attempted or practiced in reference to any election in said territory, either under the law organizing the territory, or under any pretended law which may be alleged to have taken effect therein since. They shall fully investigate and take proof of all violent and tumultuous proceedings in said territory at any time since the passage of the Kansas and Nebraska act, whether engaged in by residents of the territory or by any persons from elsewhere going into the territory and doing, or encouraging others to do, any act of violence or public disturbance against the laws of the United States, or the rights, peace and safety of the residents of the territory.

The resolutions give the committee full power in the premises, and power to employ clerks and Sergeants-at-arms to aid in the investigation. The sum of ten thou-

sand dollars is appropriated to pay the expenses, and the President is requested to furnish military protection if necessary.

The names of the committee have not yet been announced by Speaker Banks—but we suppose the Black Republicans will have two out of the three at least, if not the whole, so that the South will have but little to hope from this committee.

#### FILLMORE CONGRATULATING WISE!

Gov. Wise, of Virginia, is cordially despised by the Know-Nothings. He has salted them down so thoroughly and rubbed it in so hard, that he has become their particular aversion! What will these gentlemen think of Mr. Fillmore's congratulating him on his election as Governor of Virginia? It is even so! In a letter to the *Richmond Enquirer*, dated 14th inst., in relation to the charge that he had compared Mr. Fillmore to Gen. Washington, Gov. Wise says:

I could not begin to compare any man with Gen. Washington. But I can reason about Mr. Fillmore and talk to and of him with great respect; but just as I would of any other man, without one particle of reverence. I knew him long in Congress, and can well attest to his personal virtues as a good, plain, moderate, prudent, and, I believe, patriotic gentleman. But I agreed with him on very few political questions, if any. If we voted together, as we sometimes did, it was for opposite reasons and different ends. Mr. Fillmore was and is of the New York school of federalism, I always was of the opposing Virginia school of strict construction. He was always for a high protective tariff, for internal improvements by the general government, for distribution of revenue, for seal banks and fiscal corporations, latitudinarian in all respects, and was decidedly and unequivocally an anti-slavery representative and man. If *Jno. Quincy Adams ever gave an anti-slavery vote which Mr. Fillmore did not give whilst I served with the two, I don't remember the instance.* In debate, he complained that the clanking of the chains of slavery in the District of Columbia disturbed him in his seat on the floor of the House. He was highly esteemed by me as a good man, and we daily exchanged every courtesy and kindness without a personal breach; acting together, at times, in opposition to Van Burenism, and again opposing each other under Mr. Tyler's administration. Within the last few days I have received the kindest message from him in Europe, congratulating me on my election as Governor of Virginia, and saying that the election of no Democrat could have been more agreeable to his feelings.

Thunder and lightning! Gall and wormwood! Fillmore congratulating the man the Know-Nothings are abusing! What will they say of their nominee for passing this high encomium upon their particular aversion?

#### DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN BERTIE.

At a meeting of the Democratic party held in Windsor on the 17th March, 1856, (it being Tuesday of Superior Court,) on motion of Joseph Jordan, Dr. George O. Askew was called to the Chair, and Jno. W. Saunders appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting having been explained by the Chairman, the Secretary was requested to read the following preamble and resolutions which after being put separately, were unanimously adopted.

*Resolved*, That the Democratic Convention is to assemble in Raleigh on the 16th day of April next for the nomination of a gubernatorial candidate; and whereas further, a convention is soon to be held for the nomination of a Democratic Elector in this district, and for the appointment of delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, therefore

*Resolved*, That the Chairman of this meeting be instructed to appoint 30 delegates to attend the State Convention in Raleigh, and that the same delegates be requested to attend the Convention at Edenton on Tuesday of the Superior Court of Chowan county.

*Resolved*, That in view of the approaching political contests, the Democrats of Bertie press renewed attachment to their party, and that they will lend a cheerful and active support to the men who may be selected to advocate their measures in the coming campaign.

*Resolved*, That the course of Franklin Pierce recommends itself to the hearty approval of all national and patriotic men, characterized as it has been by a prompt and faithful discharge of official duty and by an earnest and vigorous maintenance of the constitutional rights of every section of the Union.

*Resolved*, That while we thus commend the course of President Pierce and will give him a cordial support in the event of his re-nomination; we will nevertheless zealously cooperate in the support of any other sound and national Democrat who may be selected by the Cincinnati Convention.

*Resolved*, That the Hon Thomas Bragg has entitled himself to the lasting respect and gratitude of all good citizens by the faithful and efficient character of his official services, therein fully realizing the high expectations of his supporters, and that the delegates from this county to the State Convention, be instructed to advocate his re-nomination.

In pursuance of the object expressed in the first resolution the Chairman appointed the following gentlemen delegates to the State Convention and the District Convention to be held in Edenton, viz:

R. P. Freeman, Jos. W. Willford, James Ward, David Gaskins, John Henry, H. H. White, Josiah White, James Freeman, Jno. L. Britton, Wm. J. Freeman, Jas. S. Mitchell, Dr. A. J. Askew, Isaac P. Freeman, Joseph Tyler, Dr. R. C. Watson, Edw. rd Watson, John White, Thos. H. Speller, Wm. Walton, James Burden, Thos. S. Pugh, W. A. Ferguson, W. R. Powell, James M. Butler, W. Lee, Dr. Wm. H. Speller, Jas. R. Duers, John B. Gillam, Allen Pritchard, K. L. Butler, Whit. T. Sharrock, Joseph Jordan, Littleton Johnson, L. White, Wm. R. Swain, John R. Ferguson, James B. Jordan.

After the list of delegates were read it was recommended by the meeting that it be the duty of the Secretary to ascertain, if possible, who would attend the Convention and add their names to the list of delegates.

On motion of Wm. A. Ferguson, it was further resolved, That any good Democrat from the county of Bertie who may be in Raleigh or Edenton during the session of the Convention, be authorized to take a seat therein as a delegate from said county, and that the Chairman and Secretary of this meeting be added to the list.

On motion of Jos. Jordan, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be forwarded to the N. C. Standard and Democratic Pioneer for publication.

After a vote of thanks to the Chairman and Secretary, on motion the meeting adjourned.

GEO. O. ASKEW, Chm'n.  
Jno. W. SAUNDERS, Sec.

Some of the K. N. papers are taking Parson Brownlow's advice with regard to the "greasy Tennessee." We find his name actually flying at the mast head of the *Lewistown Gazette* in the following style:

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
ANDREW JACKSON  
Donelson,  
OF TENNESSEE.

The Order of United Americans in New Jersey disapprove of the nomination of Mr. Fillmore, and manifest dissatisfaction at the conduct of the know nothings. That is the way they bolt.

In Pennsylvania, 96 anti-administration papers (mostly K. N.) have expressed themselves on the Philadelphia nominations—33 endorsing the ticket—35 opposing it, and the balance standing neutral.

PERCEPT WITHOUT EXAMPLE.—Graz says, the worst case of this kind he ever saw, was a bald-headed man peddling hair restorative.

An Emu-elder being charged with stealing a wagon, swore he had it ever since it was a wheelbarrow.

An Irishman, on being told to grease the wagon, returned in about an hour afterwards, and said:

I've greased every part of the wagon, inside and out, yer honor, but I couldn't git at them sticks the wheels hang on, sure.

DIED.  
At his residence in Currituck County, on Saturday morning 22d inst., after a lingering illness, Col. JONATHAN B. LINDSEY, aged about 48 years.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.  
SATURDAY MARCH 22.  
FLOUR.—Howard street at \$6.75; City Mill \$6.50.

WHEAT.—Red at \$1.46.  
CORN.—White \$2 a 54; Yellow 50 a 57; cts.

OATS.—35 a 38 cts.  
BACON.—Shoulder, at 8 1/2; Sides at 9 1/2; Hams 11 a 12 1/2 cts.

MARINE REPORT.  
For the week ending yesterday.

JOSEPH T. M'CASE REPORTER.

ARRIVED.  
Schr Arlitta, Benson, from West Indies.

" Archamb, Hubbard, from Norfolk.

" John Wesley, Mann, from do

" H. M. Wilson, Askew, from do

" Ann Hunter, Davis, from do

" Ann D. Collins, Thornton, from do

" Dorcas & Eliza, Sykes, from do

" Catharine Jane, Piner, from do

" Melzar Jenkins, Hinton, from do

" G. P. Taylor, Hooper, from New York.

SAILED.  
Schr C. V. Casey, Cudworth, to W. I.

" Surpass, Eddings, to Norfolk.

" Monterey, Poyner, to Norfolk.

" J. C. Adaline, Scarborough, to do

" Buena Vista, Turner, to do

" Independence, Thompson, to do

FOR SALE.  
THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to dispose of the schooner GEORGE H. SMOOT, at private sale. She is of the burthen of 35 Tons; General measuring order, and is now in good working order. For further particulars, apply at this office, or to

EDMOND SIMMONS  
Currituck C. H., N. C.  
March 25, 1856.—tf.

RAGS.  
WANTED IN ANY QUANTITY,  
for which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

WHEELWRIGHT & MUDGE  
14 Hanover street Baltimore M. D.  
March 25 1856.—6m.

TO THE PUBLIC.  
THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is called to the following rules and regulations adopted by us, by which we shall be governed in future in grinding grain of different kinds, viz:

1st. We shall charge one-sixth as toll of all corn that we may grind.

#### NAVY SUPPLIES—1856-'57.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,  
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing,  
March 17, 1856.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Navy Supplies," will be received at this Bureau until 9 o'clock, p. m., on Saturday, the 10th day of April, 1856, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving ten days' notice, except for biscuit, for which five days' notice shall be given for every twenty thousand pounds required) at the United States navy-yards at Charleston, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractors by the chief of this bureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, viz:

Flour, biscuit, whiskey, sugar, tea, coffee, rice, molasses, vinegar, pickles, beans, and dried apples.

The flour shall be superfine, and of the manufacture of wheat grown in the year 1855 or 1856; but shall in all cases be manufactured from wheat of the crop immediately preceding the date of the requisition for the same; shall be deposited in the navy-yards, shall be properly packed, thoroughly kil-dried, well-packed, and delivered free of charge to the United States, in good, sound, well-dried, bright flour barrels, as above described, with the heads well secured, and in all respects of the highest quality, and shall be delivered in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States, in the best new, well-seasoned, sound, bright barrels, or half barrels, as the case may be, the staves and headings to be of red oak of the quality, strong and well-hooped, with lining hoops around each head, and equal in quality to sample barrel at said navy-yards; two half barrels to be considered as equal to one full barrel, and one-fourth the required quantity to be in half barrels.

The biscuit shall be made wholly from sweet superior flour, of the manufacture of the year 1855 or 1856, and shall be of the cases be manufactured from flour made or the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same; and shall be fully equal in quality, and conform in size and shape, to the samples which may be deposited in the navy-yards; shall be properly packed, thoroughly kil-dried, well-packed, and delivered free of charge to the United States, in good, sound, well-dried, bright flour barrels, as above described, with the heads well secured, and in all respects of the highest quality, and shall be delivered in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States, in the best new, well-seasoned, sound, bright barrels, or half barrels, as the case may be, the staves and headings to be of red oak of the quality, strong and well-hooped, with lining hoops around each head, and equal in quality to sample barrel at said navy-yards; two half barrels to be considered as equal to one full barrel, and one-fourth the required quantity to be in half barrels.

The sugar shall be according to samples at the said navy-yards; and be dry and fit for packing. The tea shall be of good quality young hyson; equal to that supplied to said navy-yards. The coffee shall be equal to the best Cuba, according to sample.

The rice shall be of the very best quality, and of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same; and shall be fully equal to the very best quality of New Orleans molasses, and shall be delivered in well-seasoned red-oak barrels, with white-pine heads not less than 1-18 inch thick; the staves not less than 3-inch thick, the barrels to be three-quarters hooped, and, in addition, to have four iron hoops, one on each bilge, 1 1/2 inch in width and 1-18 inch thick, and one three-penny hoop on each stave, 1 1/2 inch in width and 1-18 inch thick, as per diagram. The staves shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping condition.

The vinegar shall be of the first quality cider vinegar, equal to the standard of the United States Pharmacopoeia, and shall contain no other than acetic acid, and shall be delivered in barrels similar in all respects to those required for molasses, with the exception that white-oak staves and heads shall be substituted for red-oak staves and white-pine heads, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping order.

The pickles shall be put up in iron-bound casks, and each cask shall contain one gallon of onions, one gallon of peppers, and thirteen gallons of medium cucumbers, fifty to the gallon, and the vegetables in each shall weigh eighty-five pounds, and they only be paid for; and each cask shall be filled with white wine vinegar of at least 42 degrees of strength, and equal to French vinegar; the casks, vegetables, and vinegar shall conform and be equal in all respects to the samples deposited at the above-named navy-yards, and the contractors shall warrant and guaranty that they will keep good and sound for at least one year. The iron hoops on the barrels containing whiskey, molasses, vinegar, and pickles to be well painted with red lead.

The beans shall be of the very best quality white beans, and shall be delivered in good shipping order, and shall be equal to the samples immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same. 64 pounds shall be taken as one bushel.

The dried apples shall be of the best quality, and shall be prepared by sun-drying only, and shall be equal to the samples immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same.

All the foregoing described articles, embracing casks, barrels, half-barrels, and boxes, shall be subject to such inspection as the chief of this bureau may direct, the inspecting officer to be appointed by the chief of this bureau, and his decisions to be at the place of delivery. Biscuit may, however, be inspected at the place of manufacture, but will in all cases be subject to final inspection at the place of delivery before bills are signed therefor.

The prices of all the foregoing articles to be the same throughout the year, and bidders may offer for one or more articles.

All the casks, barrels, and half barrels, boxes, or packages, shall be marked with the name of the contractor's name. All the barrels and half barrels of flour, bread, and pickles shall have, in addition to the above, the year when manufactured or put up, marked upon them.

The samples referred to in this advertisement are those selected for the ensuing fiscal year, and have no reference to such as have been previously exhibited.

The quantity of these articles which will be required cannot be precisely stated. They will probably be about—

To be offered for.  
Flour 1,200 bbls per bbl.  
Biscuit 1,200,000 lbs per 100 lbs.  
Whiskey 30,000 gals per gal.  
Sugar 20,000 lbs per lb.  
Tea 20,000 lbs per lb.  
Coffee 10,000 lbs per lb.  
Rice 20,000 gals per gal.  
Molasses 6,000 bush per bush.  
Vinegar 20,000 gals per gal.  
Dried apples 50,000 lbs per lb.  
Pickles 130,000 lbs per lb.

The quantities of any or all may be increased or diminished as the service may hereafter require. The contracts will therefore be made, not for specific quantities, but for such quantities as the service may require to be delivered at those navy-yards respectively.

Contractors not residing at the places where deliveries are required must establish agencies at such places, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when a contractor is selected, he will have the right to require, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, to be authorized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at a Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the navy-yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Separate offers must be made for each article at each of the aforesaid navy-yards; and in case more than one article is contained in the offer, the bidder shall be bound to accept of all the articles, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; eighty per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after the date of the receipt of the bills of lading, and the balance of the amount shall be paid







# POET'S CORNER.

From Graham's Magazine.

VIRGINIA DARE.

BY MRS. L. H. SIOBURN.

[The first-born child of English parents in the Western World was the granddaughter of Governor White, who planned a short-lived colony at Roanoke, Virginia, in the year 1585.]

Two lovely in the deep greenwood  
The sharp ax amid its boughs  
A fearful chasm had made;  
Long spikes of rich catpaw flowers  
Hung pendulous from the tree,  
And the magnolia's ample cup  
O'erflowed with fragrance free.

And through the shades the antlered deer  
Like fairy visions flew,  
And mighty vines from tree to tree  
Their wealth of clusters threw.  
While winged odors from the hills  
Reviving welcome bore,  
To greet the stranger bands that came  
From Albion's distant shore.

Up rose their roofs in copse and dell,  
Outspaced the laborer's barn,  
And graceful through the broken mould  
Peered forth their tasseled corn;  
While from one roosting bower,  
Hid in the nestle grove,  
Came, blending with the robin's lay,  
The lullaby of love.

There sang a mother to her babe—  
A mother young and fair—  
"No flower like thee adorns the vale,  
O sweet Virginia Dare!  
Thou art the lily of our love,  
The forest's gem-like queen,  
The first-born bud from Saxon stem  
That this New World hath seen;

"Thy father's axe in thicket rings,  
To fell the kindly tree;  
Thy grandsire sails for ocean-brine—  
A gallant man is he!  
And when once more, from England's realm,  
He comes with bounty rare,  
A thousand gifts to thee he'll bring,  
Mine own Virginia Dare!"

As sweet that mother's loving tones  
Their warbled music shed,  
As though in proud baronial hall,  
O'er silken cradle-bed;  
No more the pangs and gauds of life  
Maintained their strong control,  
For holy love's new gift had shed  
Fresh greenness o'er her soul.

And when the husband from his toil  
Returned at closing day,  
How dear to him the lowly home  
Where all his treasures lay,  
"O, Eleanor! 'tis naught to me,  
The hardship or the storm,  
While thus thy blessed smile I see,  
And clasp our infant's form."

No secret sigh o'er pleasures lost  
Convulsed their tranquil breast,  
For where the pure affections dwell  
The heart hath perfect rest,  
So fled the Summer's balmy prime,  
The Autumn's golden wing,  
And Winter hid his hoary head  
Upon the lap of Spring.

Yet oft, with wily, wary step,  
The red-browed Indian crept  
Close round his pale-faced neighbor's home,  
And listened while they slept;  
But fierce Wingina, lofty chief,  
Aloof, their movements eyed,  
Nor courteous bowed his planned head  
Nor checked his haughty stride.

John White leaped from his vessel's prow,  
He had braved the boisterous sea,  
And boldly rode the mountain-wave—  
A stalwart man was he,  
John White leaped from his vessel's prow,  
And joy was in his eye,  
For his daughter's smile had lured him on  
Amid the stormiest sky.

Where were the roofs that flagged the  
green?  
The smoke wreaths curling high?  
He calls—she shouts—the cherished names,  
But Echo makes reply.  
"Where art thou, Eleanor! my child!"  
And sweet Virginia Dare!  
O, silver cloud, that cleaves the blue  
Like angel's wing—say where!

"Where is the glorious Saxon vine?  
We set so strong and fair?"  
The stern gray rocks in mockery smiled,  
And coldly answered "where?"  
"Ho! fitting savage! stay thy step,  
And tell—'tis but light as air  
He vanished, and the falling stream  
Responsive murmured—'where?'"

So, o'er the ruin'd palisade,  
The blackened threshold-stone,  
The funeral of colonial hope,  
That old man wept—alone,  
And mournful rose his white locks  
In accents of despair,  
For the lost daughter of his land  
And young Virginia Dare.

The following conundrum took the  
prize of a pewter pitcher at a recent  
Woman's Rights Convention, held in Con-  
necticut:

Why is a married man like a candle?  
Because he frequently goes out of a  
night when he oughtn't to.

Why is a woman's tongue like a  
good clock? Because it never stands still.

The average quantity of meat con-  
sumed in France of all kinds is about  
one-sixth of pound per diem to each person.

How do you like the character of  
St. Paul? asked a pious of his lady  
one day, during a conversation about the  
old saints and the apostles. "Ah he was a  
good, clever old soul, I know for he once  
said, you know, that we must eat what is  
set before us, and ask no questions for  
conscience sake. I always thought I  
should like him for a boarder."

# THE CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

KNOX & JACKSON.

(Successors to J. M. Whedbee.)

WOULD inform their friends and the public  
generally, that they have just received  
from Philadelphia, a large and varied assort-  
ment of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.  
Their stock, if examined, will be found to  
consist of the following articles:—Ladies' boots  
and shoes, Gaiter boots, black, fawn, bronze  
and other colors; Linen gaiters; English and  
French kid; French and American Morocco  
slippers, thick and thin soled; a superior bro-  
nzed slipper, besides various low-priced boots and  
slippers. Misses' boots, buckled to open at  
ankle, bronze and other colored gaiters; French  
Morocco, goat, patent leather, and other boots;  
black, blue and bronze slippers, various styles.  
Children's boots, booties, and gaiter boots;  
Morocco; well corrected lace do.; colored gaiter  
do. of superior quality.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.—Superior French calf-  
skin boots; American do.; patent leather do., a  
superior article; pebble boots of various styles;  
Congress calf boots; various styles of kip, calf,  
and Morocco boots; booties; kip brogans, &c.  
Boys' wear.—Calf and kip boots; calf and  
kip brogans, and a very superior article of  
patent Morocco's; "rouble" boots; booties  
and shoes of same qualities and styles.

HATS AND TRUNKS.—A large as-  
sortment of various styles, from a 50  
centa wool hat, to a \$5.00 hat, and  
including every variety between said  
prices.

Travelling and sulky Trunks, and Valises, a  
fine stock.

The above goods have been laid in on favor-  
able terms, and will be sold at reasonable profits  
to prompt customers. Be sure to call at the  
sign of the Black Boot on Road Street.

KNOX & JACKSON.

E. City, April 24, 1855.

# NOTICE.

I TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNC-  
ing to my friends that I have returned safe  
from Europe, and am again ready to receive  
intelligence that the Yellow Fever is prevailing  
in Norfolk to an alarming extent, and all com-  
munication is cut off, and probably merchants  
will be compelled to look elsewhere for their fall  
supply. I therefore, to recommend to open an  
establishment in New York, and invite special  
attention to my extensive assortment of HATS,  
CAPS AND FURS. My long practical ex-  
perience and extensive acquaintance in Virginia  
and North Carolina warrants me in saying  
that you will find it greatly to your advantage  
to continue your patronage, so liberally con-  
ferred upon me for the last ten years.

My Fall and Winter style of hats are  
unique, and for elegance, durability  
and cheapness, cannot be surpassed.  
All orders sent to No. 207 Pearl  
Street, New York, will meet with personal and  
prompt attention, and goods forwarded direct  
from New York to any part of North Carolina  
and Virginia.

R. H. STEVENS.

No. 7, Market Square, Norfolk, Va.  
Direct your orders to 207 Pearl Street, N. Y.  
The Temple of Fashion, No. 7, Market Square  
Norfolk, Va., will continue open as usual  
until solicited.

R. H. S.

# RINGLET'S RINGLET'S RINGLET'S IN

CURL YOUR HAIR.

AFTER MUCH STUDY, TOIL AND EX-  
pense, I have discovered the secret of mak-  
ing the most beautiful and desirable curl-  
ing hair, either to CURL or WAVE, at the op-  
tion of the individual, in the most graceful man-  
ner, for life; thus enabling persons greatly to  
improve their appearance. Only three applica-  
tions of my process will produce the desired  
preparation, which is not only perfectly har-  
monious to the skin and hair, but renders the latter  
permanently silky and glossy, does not cost more  
than fifty cents, and the materials of which it  
is composed can be obtained anywhere. I will  
send the RECEIPT for making it, to any person  
who forwards me ONE DOLLAR, by mail, pre-  
paid.

PROFESSOR H. N. ROWLAND.

Practical and Analytical Chemist, N. Y. P. A.  
THE RECEIPT and one bottle of the  
PREPARATION, sent free by mail, for \$2.  
dec 4-3m

# MOREBUN: A Tale of the Twelve Hundred

and Ten, by Sir Walter Scott.

The discovery of this work has created an in-  
terest in excitement in Europe. Some doubt its  
genuineness, but the most eminent critics of  
France and principal literary gentlemen in Eng-  
land, who have examined the documents, have  
expressed themselves unanimously and decided  
that it is by Sir Walter Scott. M. Philarete  
Charles, who was a personal friend of Sir Wal-  
ter Scott, and is one of the most distinguished  
writers of France, says, after having examined  
Morebun, that it is so rich in humor, rapid and  
brilliant in its descriptions, so clear, so inter-  
esting, and so attractive, that no mind but Sir Walter Scott's  
ever conceived it.

Paper covers 50 cents. For sale at

City Book Store, 19 Main st., Norfolk, Va.

je 26

# NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having established himself  
at Little River Bridge, near Woodville, N. C.,  
is prepared to make up all kinds of Cabinet  
Furniture to order, and to do every description  
of repairing, at the shortest notice and on the  
most agreeable terms.

He has on hand a large supply of Mahogany,  
Cherry, Poplar, Walnut and other materials for  
Cabinet work. Also a large selection of Metal-  
lic Coffins. A neat horse, gentle horse and care-  
ful driver, will be furnished when desired.

May 1, 1855—4f.

# ELEGANT CABINET WARE,

FURNITURE &c.

T. F. PARR, & Co., at the  
old-established stand of  
Furniture, at the corner of  
Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Wardrobes, Sideboards,  
&c., &c., which they offer to the public on such  
terms as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.  
They are also prepared to manufacture any and  
every article of

# FURNITURE

at may be called for, at the shortest notice, o  
the best material, and in the most workmanlike  
manner. Call and give us your orders.  
We also keep constantly on hand a large as-  
sortment of

# METALLIC COFFINS.

of all sizes. We will also furnish Mahogany,  
Walnut or other Coffins to order. And having  
procured a new and elegant HEARSE, we are  
prepared to carry on a respectable business in  
all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto  
bestowed, we respectfully solicit a continuance  
of the same, assuring the public that no effort  
will be spared on our part to give entire satis-  
faction.

nov 14

T. F. PARR & Co.

# MORE NEW BOOKS.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH are in receipt of the  
following new works, just issued, viz:  
My Heavenly Home, or the Employment and  
Enjoyments of the Saints in Heaven, by  
Rev. B. Harbaugh, N. Y. P. A.  
The Souths in Italy, by Geo. Stillman Billiard,  
2 vols. \$2.50.

True Stories from History and Biography, by  
Tanglewood Tales for Girls and Boys, being  
second Wonder Book, by Hawthorne—87c.  
A Wonder Book for Boys and Girls, by Nathl.  
Hawthorne—50c.

Sketches of Sketches, being a series of grave  
and gay, from writings published and un-  
published, by Thomas DeQuincy—75c.  
The Story of an Apple, illustrated, by John Al-  
bert—50c.

The above, with many other new works,  
just published and for sale by

VICKERY & GRIFFITH.

Norfolk, Va.

# SALT! SALT!!

THE subscriber has in store and for sale  
1000 Bush. Salt. Utes Salt.  
500 Bush. Cadiz salt.

nov 20

# BOYS' CLOTHING.

THE particular attention of MOTHERS and  
others who have the buying of children and  
youth's clothing is called to our stock, as we  
have on hand a large assortment of Coats, Over-  
coats, Cuffs, Trowsers, Pants, Caps, &c., &c., of  
every size and any quality to fit boys 4 years  
old and upward.

oct 9

FRANK VAUGHAN & CO.

# FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND AM PRE-  
pared to show the most extensive and desir-  
able stock.

# FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I have now exhibited. My stock embraces every  
style and grade of goods in the DRY GOODS and  
GROCERY line, consisting in part of

Woolen Goods for Servants, Dress Goods, Plan-  
tations, Cane, and Ladies Dress Goods, of the  
most fashionable styles and newest designs in  
black and colored Silks, Merinos, Mouslins,  
and Cashmires; HOUSE KEEPING GOODS,  
such as Irish Linen, Linen and Cotton Sheetings,  
the Damasks, Towels, Dimities and Curtain  
materials, Embroideries in Mouslin and Lace,  
Mourning goods of every description, Boots,  
Shoes, Hats, and Caps, Hardware, Groceries,  
Wooden Ware, Ship Chandlery, and many other  
articles too tedious to mention.

All I want is for the people to call down to  
the old brick store formerly occupied by Samuel  
Williams, and examine my stock.

Returning thanks to my friends who have  
favored me with their patronage for some time  
past, I solicit its continuance, with the assur-  
ance that I will sell goods as cheap as they can  
be bought in this or any other market. Come  
one, come all, and buy cheap goods.

B. T. MILLER.

Oct. 23, 1855.

Broad Water St.

# WHOLESALE HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUN HOUSE.

1855. SPRING SUPPLIES, 1855.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS

FOR THE SALE OF ENGLISH, AME-

RICAN AND GERMAN

HANDWARE.

ALLEN, ROSE & CAPPS take pleasure in  
announcing to the merchants of Virginia  
and North Carolina that their spring supplies of  
Hardware are now arriving, by direct impor-  
tation and from the manufacturers in this  
country. Their stock will be large and varied,  
and to the want of the Country Merchants es-  
pecially, and will be disposed of by wholesale at  
prices which shall be satisfactory in all respects  
to the purchaser. A full and thorough exami-  
nation is respectfully solicited from all, especial-  
ly, that they have been in the habit of going  
further north.

Our stock will comprise in part the following  
goods:

LEADING ARTICLES.

Axes, all patterns  
Axes and other make Shovels and Spades  
Manure Forks, and D handle  
Cut, Wrought and Spike Nails  
Anvils, Smiths' Hammers, Plates, Stock and  
Dies, Potts, Ovens, Spellers, &c.  
Pen, Pocket and Table Cutlery, of Rogers',  
Wostenholms and other makes  
House Carpenter's Tools, every variety  
Iron and Steel Saw, 13 inch  
Every variety of Locks, Hinges and Screws  
Hand, Cross, Pitt and Circular Saws  
Every article connected with Saw Mills and  
Machinery in general.

# NEW FALL STOCK OF

MILLINERY GOODS!

The subscriber takes occasion to return  
thanks to the friends who have patronized her  
Ladies of Elizabeth City and surrounding  
country, for the very liberal patronage heretofore  
bestowed upon her, and to announce that she  
has taken the stand formerly occupied by  
Mrs. Esther Silks, where she has laid in a large  
and well selected stock of

Millinery Goods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Ar-  
tificial Flowers &c.

In addition to her own stock, she has bought  
out the entire stock of Mrs. Sarah Laboyteaux,  
just received from the north, which, together  
with her own stock, she has laid in a large  
and well selected stock of

Millinery Goods, Bonnets, Ribbons, &c.

MRS. M. C. CASBY.

Oct. 30—4f.

# THE CITY BOOK STORE.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH take pleasure in in-  
forming the citizens of Elizabeth City and  
North Carolina that their

# BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

is again open, and they are prepared to fill all  
orders with their usual punctuality. They offer  
for sale a general assortment of SCHOOL, CLASSI-  
cal, Memoirs, &c. and a large stock of  
BANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Country Merchants, School Teachers, and  
others, will find it greatly to their advantage to  
make their purchases from us, as we are confi-  
dent that we can offer greater inducements in re-  
spect to quantity, quality, and price, than any other es-  
tablishment in this section of the country.

V. & G. are prepared to manufacture all kinds  
of Bank Books to order, and respectfully solicit  
the patronage of all who are in want.

Orders will meet with prompt attention directed  
to VICKERY & GRIFFITH,

City Book Store, 19 Main st., Norfolk, Va.

nov 13

# TIN WARE

AND

SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE  
attention of the citizens of Elizabeth City,  
and surrounding country, to the fact, that I  
have located myself in this place, for the pur-  
pose of carrying on the

# TIN AND SHEET IRON

business in its various branches and forms.—  
Being a practical workman, I flatter myself that  
I can do all the work I may be favored with will  
properly and satisfactorily.

I shall keep constantly on hand Coffee Pots,  
Pots, Pans, Cups, Ice Cream Freezers and in  
fact every thing generally kept in an establish-  
ment of the kind.

Bathing apparatus of every description made  
to order.

Roofing, Gutting and Spouting done in the  
best and most substantial manner, on reason-  
able terms.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter and Lead bought  
or taken in exchange for new work.

Store on Road street, next to the Boot and  
Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson.

July 10—4f.

THOS. J. MISKELL.

# HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FALL 1855

ALLEN, ROSE & CAPPS,

TAKE PLEASURE in calling the attention  
of the citizens of Virginia and North Carolina  
friends, (especially the Mercantile class), to their  
extensive assortment of GENERAL HARD-  
WARE, a large portion of which was im-  
ported with a special view to the Fall and Winter  
trade, and which they are prepared to sell at  
Farmer, will bear in mind, that under the  
circumstances of our not being able to make  
a usual fall sales our assortment of Hardware,  
can be purchased on wholesale terms, at greatly  
reduced prices. Call and examine for your-  
selves.

dec 4

# GREAT CLEANING OUT SALE OF

Cloth, every color and style, More  
Antique and Satin Velvet and More Anti-  
que and Black and Colored Cloaks, com-  
prising the best assortment ever seen in  
Norfolk, now open for the inspection of  
the public at the Bee Hive, viz:

Colored and Black Cloth Cloaks, from  
\$3 to \$20 each.

More Antique and Satin, and More  
Antique and Velvet, from \$12 to \$40  
each; Black and Colored Satin, from \$10  
to \$20 each; Merino lined and wadded,  
from \$2 to \$3. Greatest bargains ever  
seen in Norfolk. Call down as they are  
going off rapidly.

dec 4

J. SMITH.

Jan. 1—1856 No. 34, Main street.

# THE

estate of Dr. William Hodges  
deceased, is hereby requested, if persons indebted  
to said Estate to make immediate pay-  
ment to him, and all persons having any  
claims, to present them immediately.

R. PIEMONT.

E. City, Dec. 25th 1855.—6t.

# BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH, No. 19

Main street, Norfolk, Va., offer to

the city and country trade, the largest  
stock of Books and Stationery ever before  
offered in this market.

Believing that the wants of the city and  
surrounding country, will sustain an estab-  
lishment conducted on as extensive a scale  
as those found in the largest cities of the  
Union, they have been induced greatly to  
increase their stock, and have, during the  
last two or three weeks, purchased in the  
Northern and Eastern markets, (on the  
very best terms) a large supply of books in  
every department of literature, together  
with all foreign and domestic stationery,  
which they now offer for sale on as good  
terms as any establishment in the United  
States, and all together worthy of the pa-  
tronage of an intelligent community.

They have made arrangements with all  
the principal publishers of the country, to be  
supplied with new publications, as soon  
as issued from the press. They have also  
obtained the agency of all the leading peri-  
odicals published in England and in this  
country, which they will furnish at the sub-  
scription prices.

All foreign books not on hand will be  
imported to order. V. & G. have con-  
nected with their store a very extensive  
Bookbinding and Blank book Manufactory,  
and with competent and experienced work-  
men, they are prepared to manufacture all  
kinds of Blank Books with punctuality and  
dispatch, and to bind printed books in the  
improved style.

Schools, Colleges and Libraries furnished  
with books on the most liberal terms.

Country merchants and strangers visiting  
the city will please examine our stock be-  
fore going else where.

Norfolk Va., Jan. 15, 1856.

# SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

THESE machines have long sustained  
the highest reputation in the United  
States. THE FIRST PRIZE—A GOLD MEDAL  
—has recently been awarded to them at the  
Exposition at the Palace of Industry in  
Paris, and thus they have the World's ver-  
dict of superiority.

Great improvements have just been ad-  
ded, so that they run without noise, with  
ease to the operator at double the ordinary  
speed, so that

TWICE AS MUCH WORK CAN BE DONE IN A DAY!

The greatest clothing and shoe manu-  
facturing establishments in the country use  
these machines exclusively. They are  
competent to perform every sort of work  
in the most perfect style.

As there are very great numbers of in-  
ferior or entirely worthless sewing machines  
of the Lerow & Blodgett, Avery Wilson,  
Grover & Baker, and other patents, which  
have been sold, but cannot be used to any  
advantage, we hereby offer to receive all  
such machines, and also unimproved ones  
of our own manufacture, in EXCHANGE FOR  
NEW AND LATEST IMPROVED MACHINES, on  
liberal terms. All old machines thus ob-  
tained by us will be broken up and de-  
stroyed. For particulars apply by letter  
or personally at our New York Office.

N. B.—Local Agents wanted to make  
sales of our improved sewing machines.—  
To persons properly qualified for the busi-  
ness, a rare opportunity for profitable and  
pleasant employment is offered.

J. M. SINGER & CO.,

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 323 Broadway, N. Y.

BRANCH OFFICES: 47 Hanover St.,

Boston, 142 Chesnut St., Philadelphia,